

LINEARIZATION OF QUADRATIC DRAG TO ESTIMATE CALM BUOY PITCH MOTION IN FREQUENCY-DOMAIN AND EXPERIMENTAL VALIDATION

OMAE 2009
Honolulu, Hawaii
May 31 - June 5, 2009

Amir Salem	SOFEC
Sam Ryu	SOFEC
Arun Duggal	SOFEC
Raju V. Datla	Stevens Institute of Technology

Outline

- **Background**
- **Current Study (Pitch Motion Linearization)**
- **Discussion of Results**
- **Summary**

Catenary Anchor Leg Mooring (CALM) Buoy



deepwater CALM
buoy

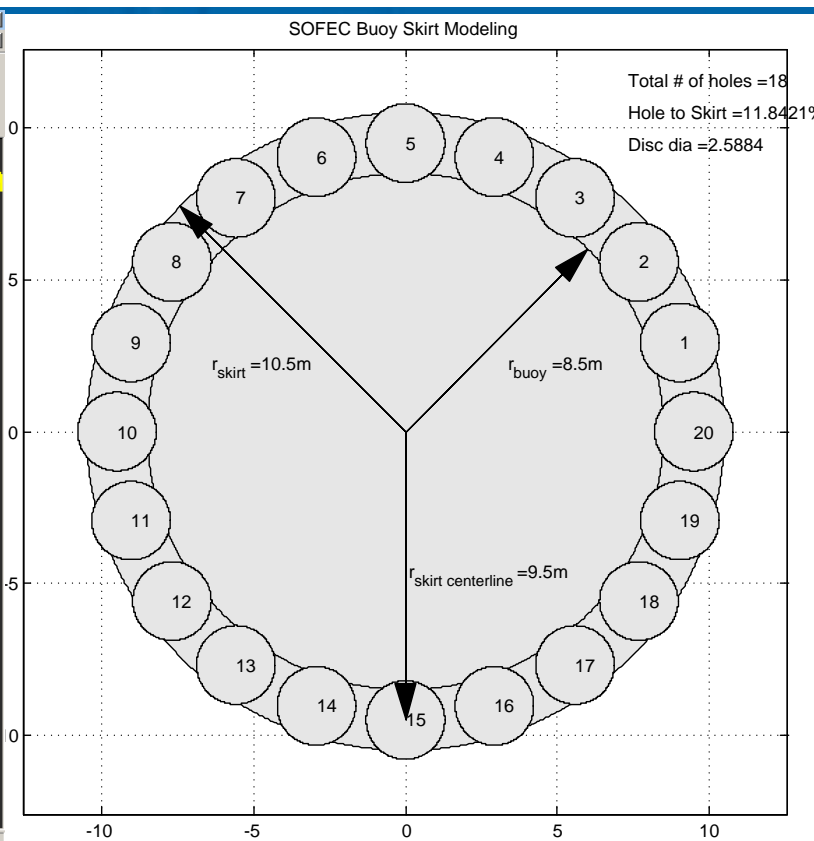
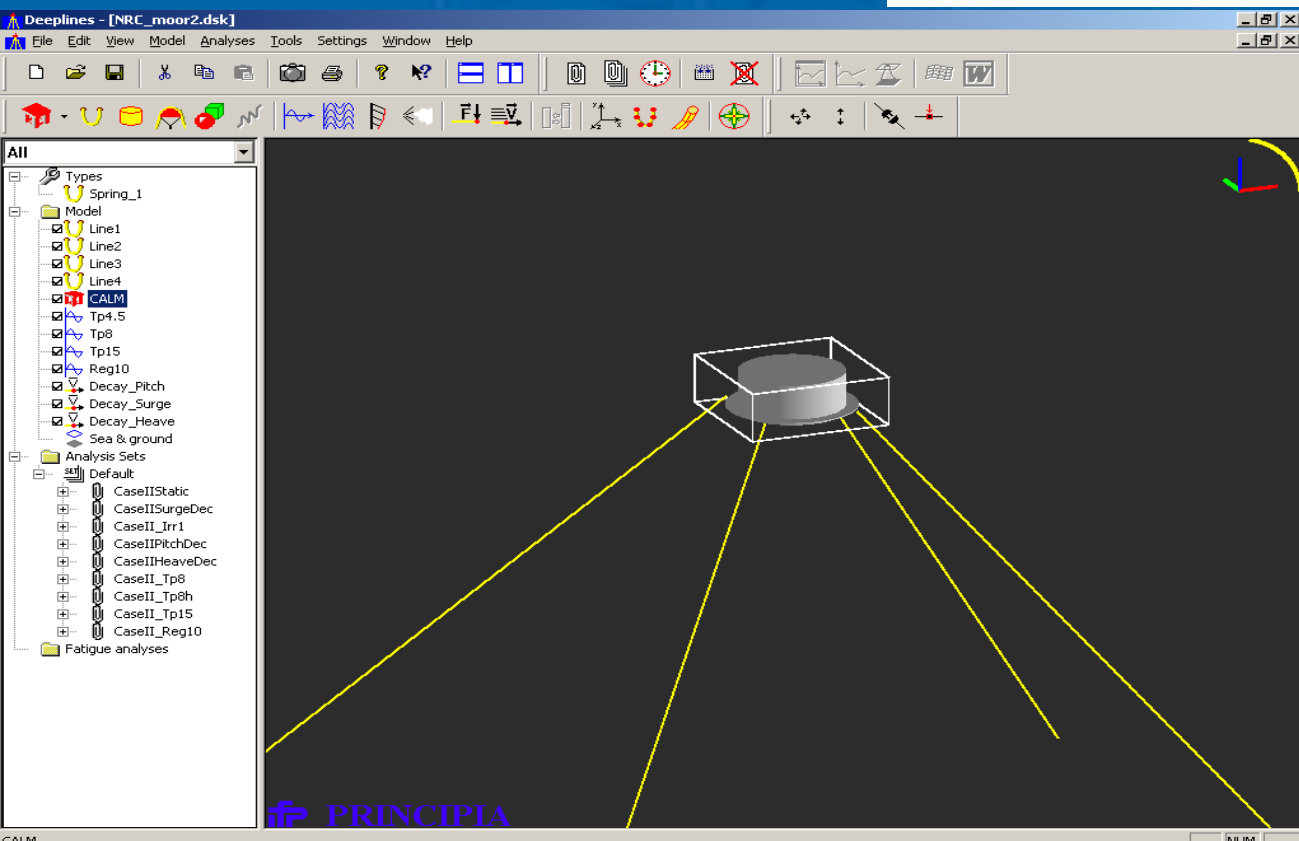
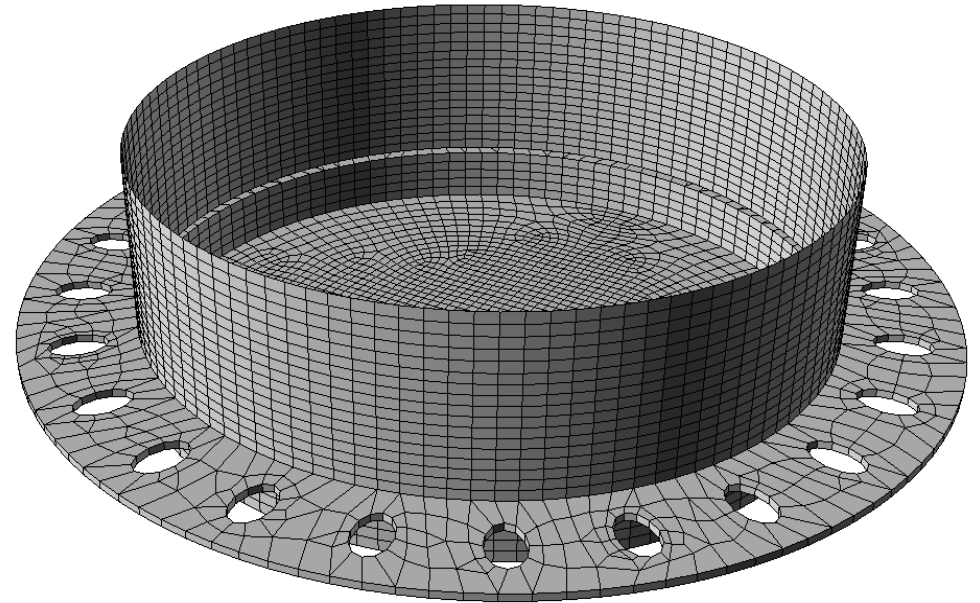
Methods for Wave Frequency Motion Estimate

- **Model Test**
- **Time Domain (TD)**
- **Frequency Domain (FD)**
 - Quadratic Drag Linearization
 - Iterative
 - Stochastic

Time Domain Model

- Morison type disc elements
- Nonlinear drag force proportional to relative velocity squared

Perspective

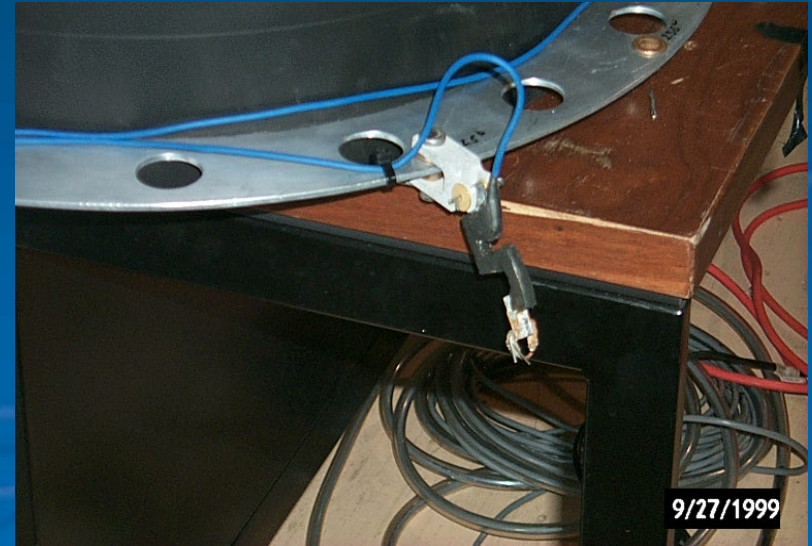
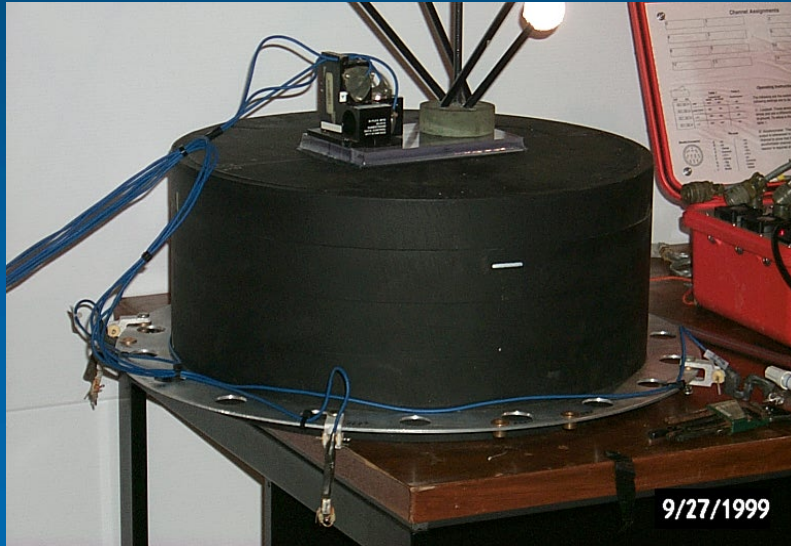


Model Test

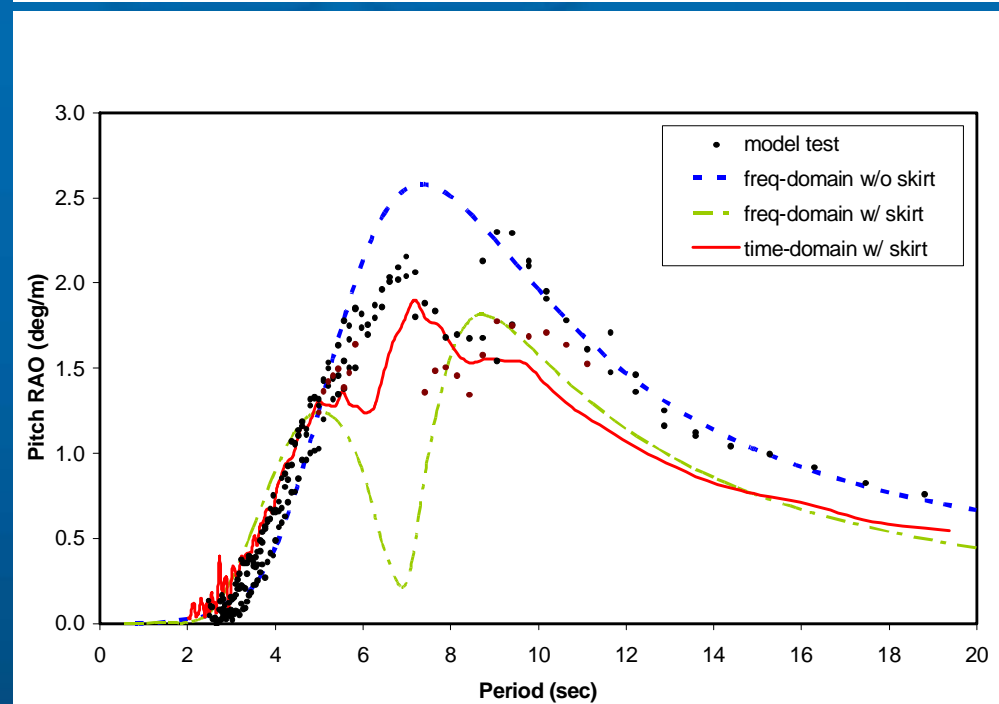
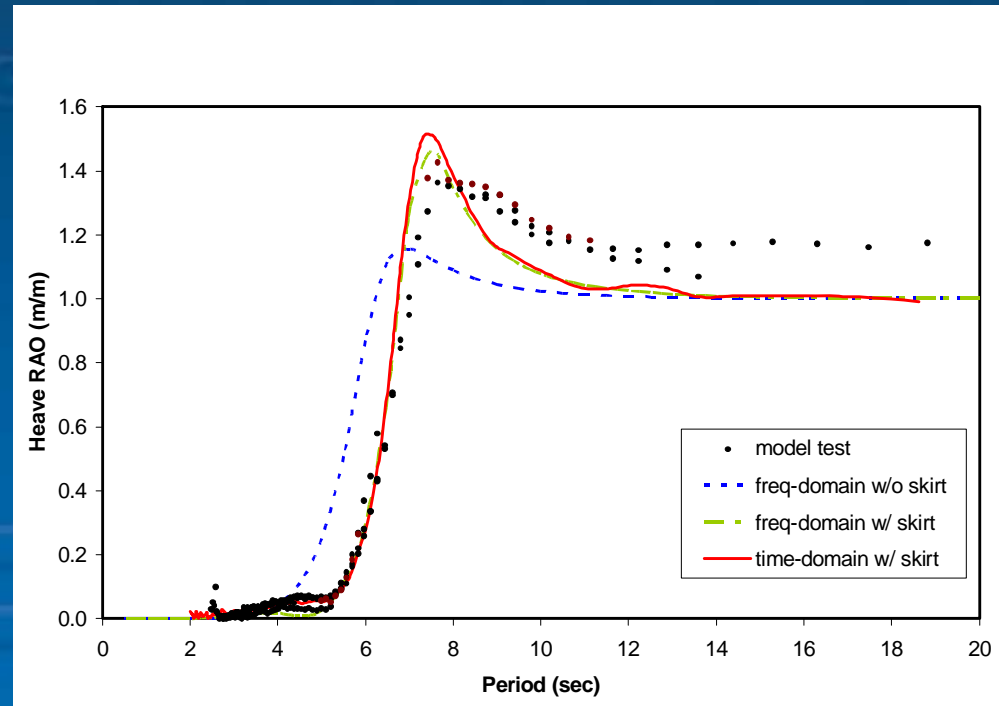
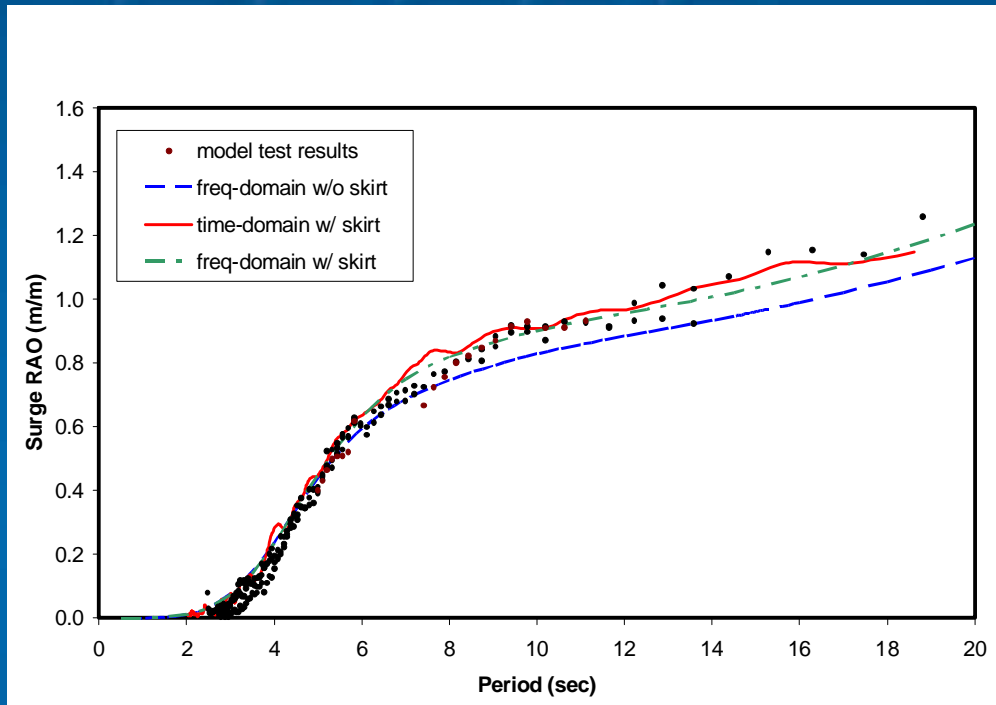
- Model Particulars
- Model scale = 1:35.6
- Water depth = 106.8m
- Buoy dia = 17m
- Skirt dia = 21m
- Draft = 5.65m



Buoy Model (cont'd)

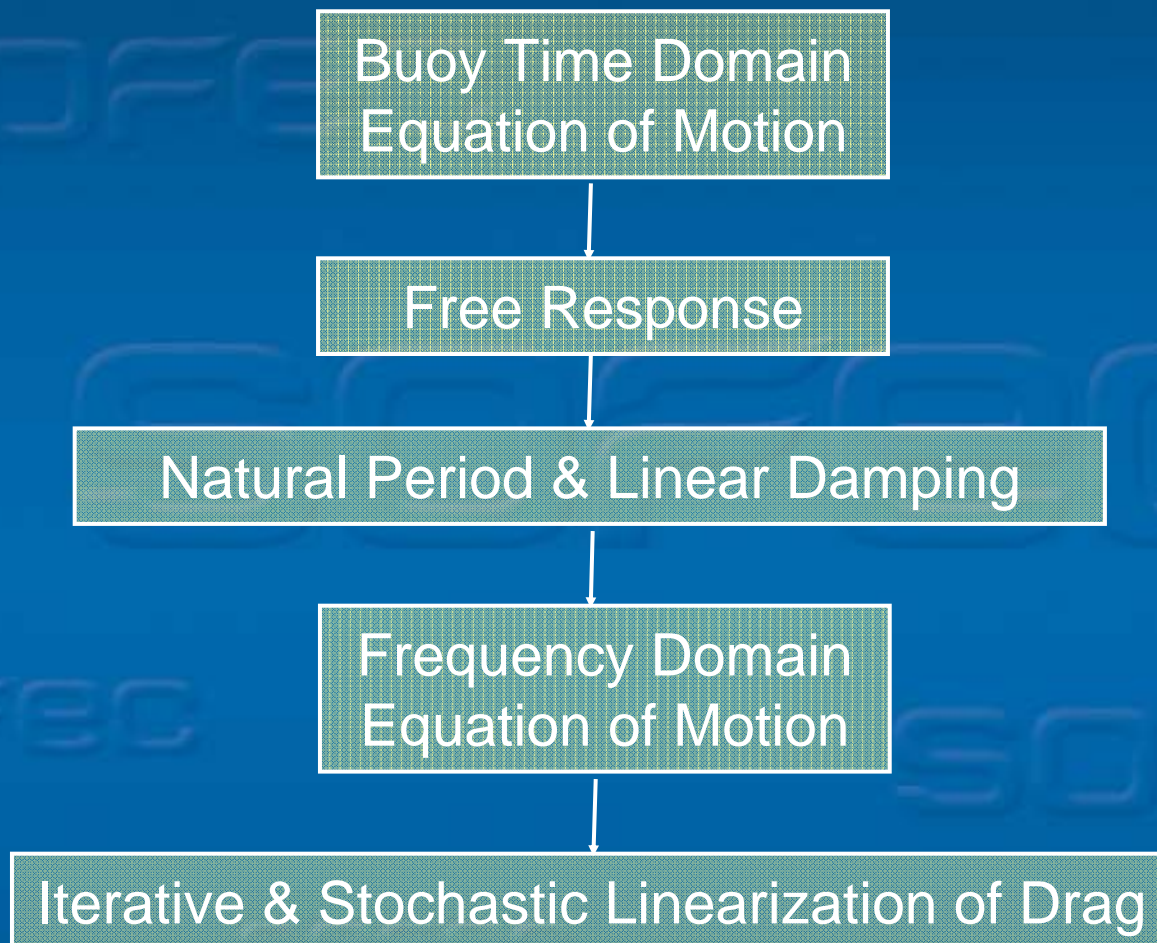


Validation with Model Test Results



(After Duggal and Ryu 2005)

Pitch motion response



Equation of Motion (6-DOF & 1-DOF)

Spring-Mass-Damper

$$M \{\ddot{x}\} + C \{\dot{x}\} + K \{x\} = \{F\}$$


$$M = (M_i + M_a)$$

$$C = (C_r + C_v)$$

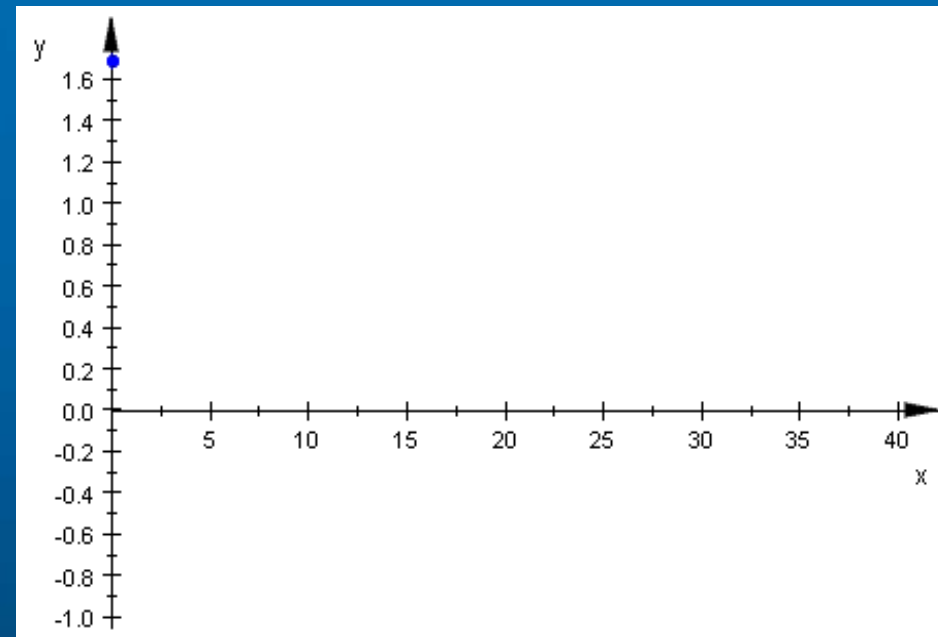
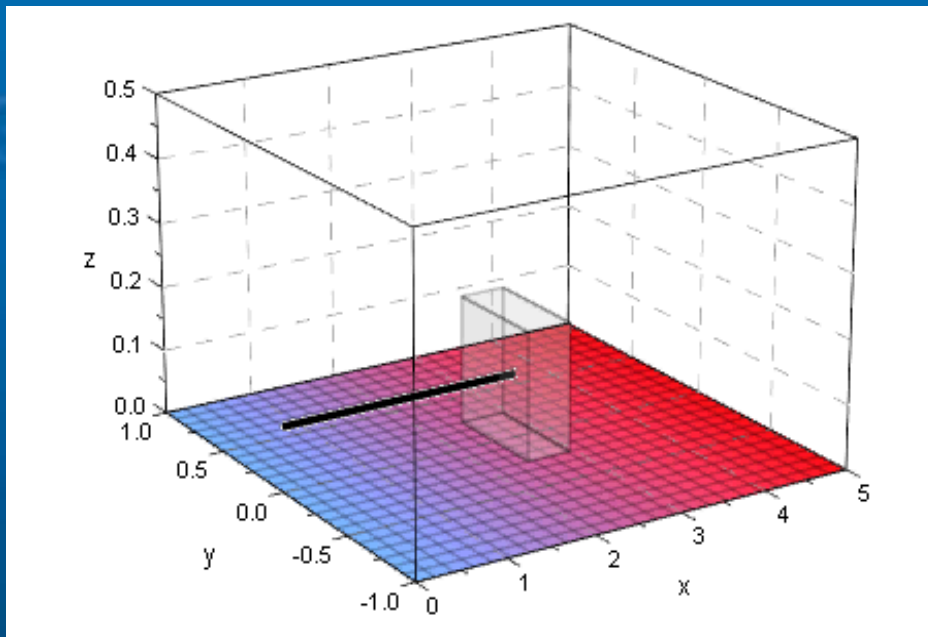
$$K = (K_h + K_m)$$

Pitch Free Response

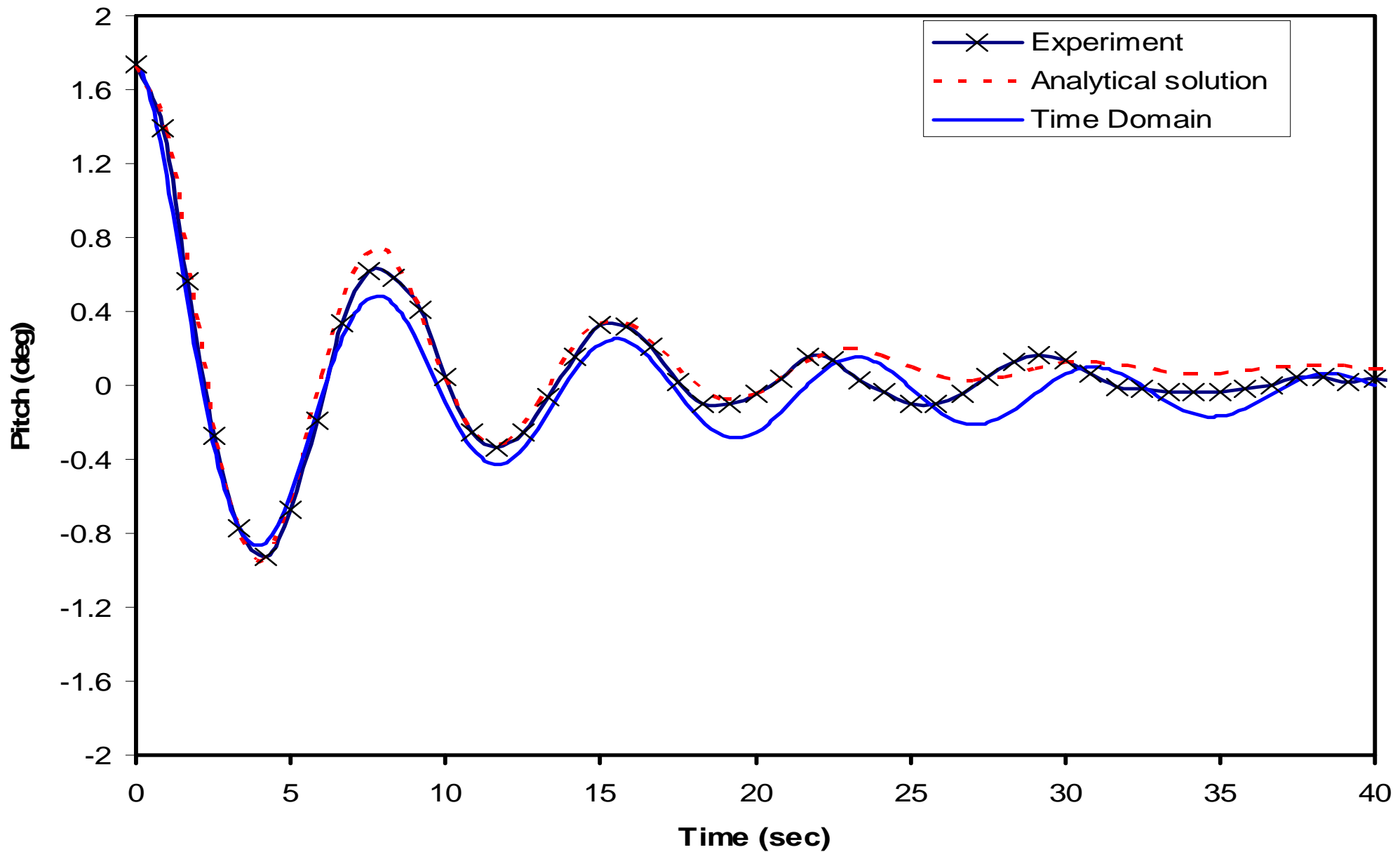
$$M \ddot{x} + C \dot{x} + K x = 0$$

$$x(0) = X_0, \dot{x}(0) = V_0$$

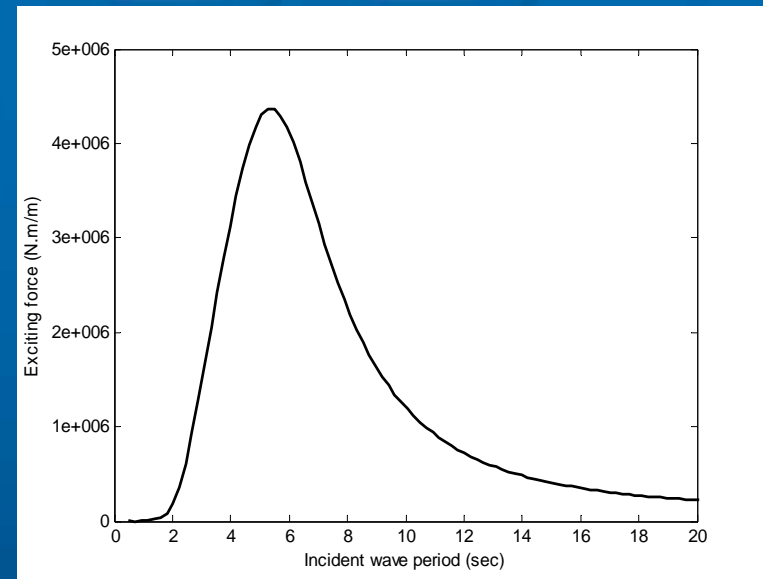
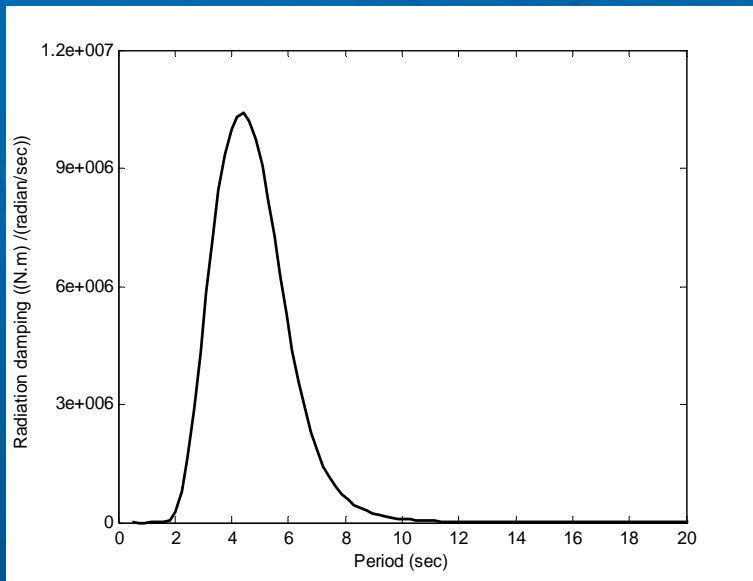
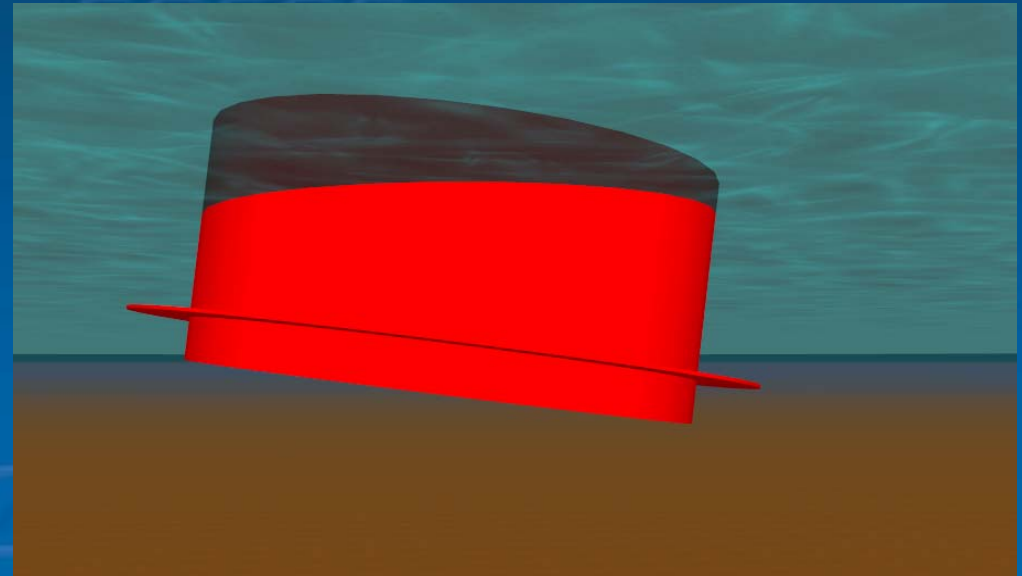
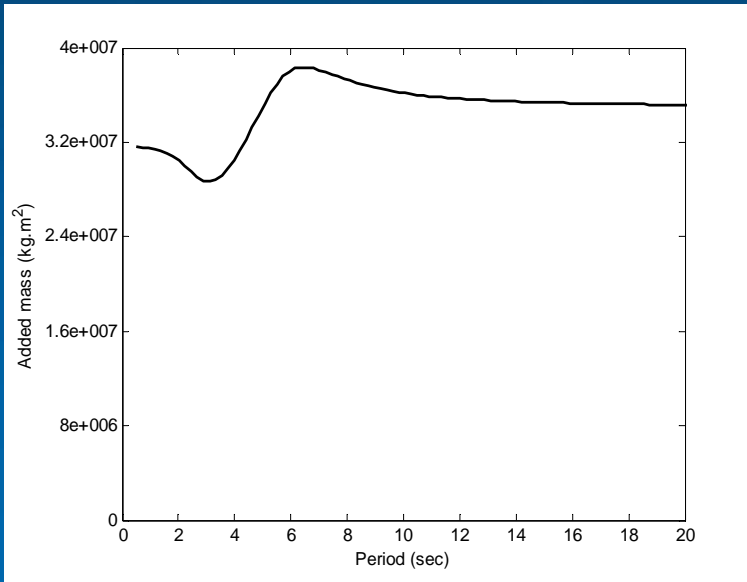
$$x_h(t) = X_0 e^{-z w_0 t} \cos\left(\sqrt{1 - z^2} w_0 t + j\right)$$



Pitch Free Decay Comparison



Freq. dependent pitch motion elements



Damping Linearization: 1- Quadratic 2- Cubic

$$M \ddot{x} + C(\dot{x})\dot{x} + Kx = F$$

$$C(\dot{x})\dot{x} = C_1 \dot{x} + \frac{8}{3p} C_2 w |\dot{x}| \dot{x} + \frac{3}{4} C_3 w^2 \dot{x}^3$$

(Chakrabarti, 1992)

$$X^0 = 0, C_v^* = \frac{8}{3p} C_v |x^n|, C_v = \frac{1}{2} r_w C_D A$$

$$X^{n+1} = \frac{F(\omega)}{-\omega^2 M - (C_r + C_v^*)i\omega + K}$$

$$|X^{n+1} - X^n| \ll e$$

Damping Linearization: 3- Stochastic

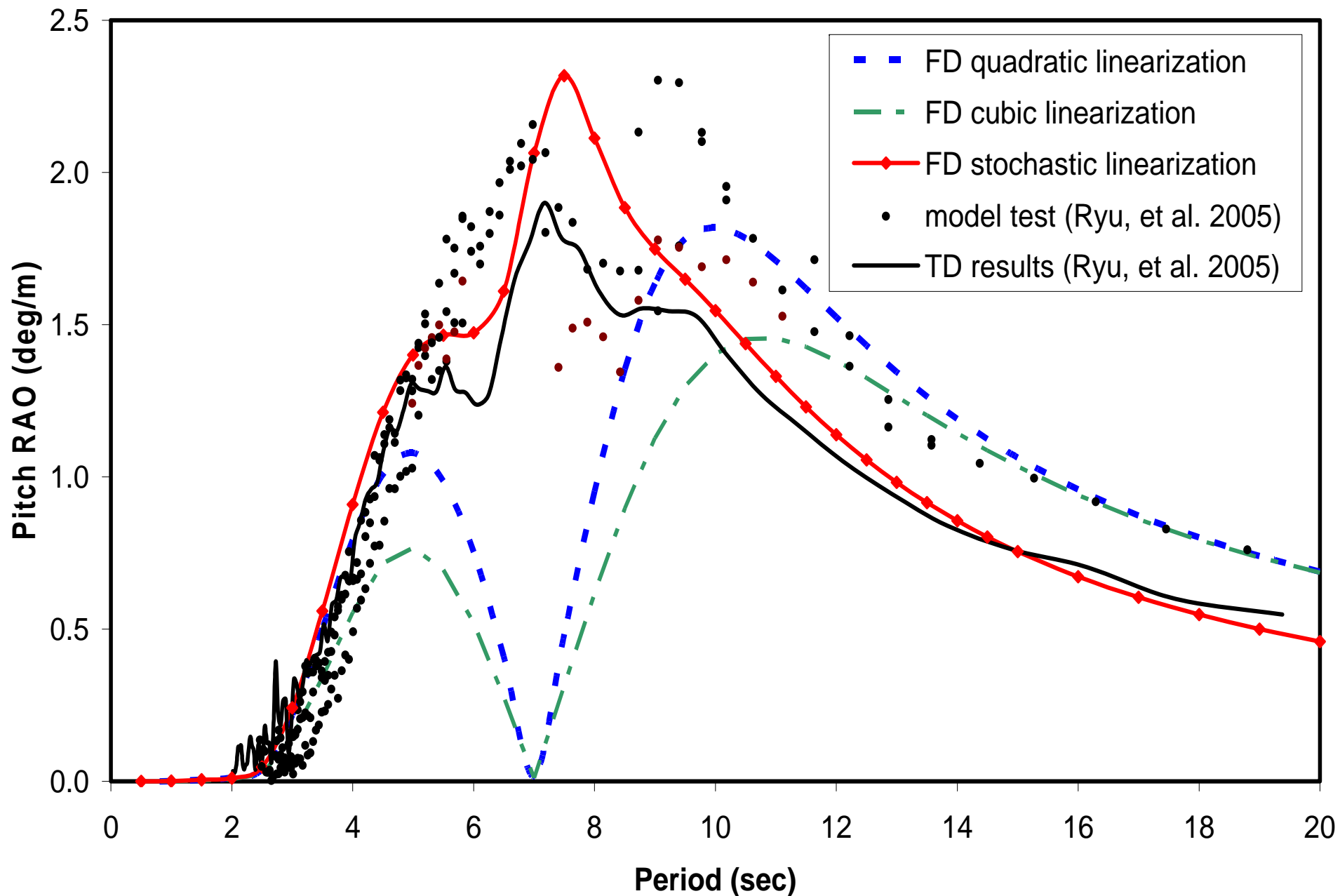
$$M \ddot{x} + C \dot{x} + K x = F$$

$$C \dot{x} = \frac{1}{2} r_w C_D A \sqrt{\frac{8}{p}} s_x \dot{x}$$

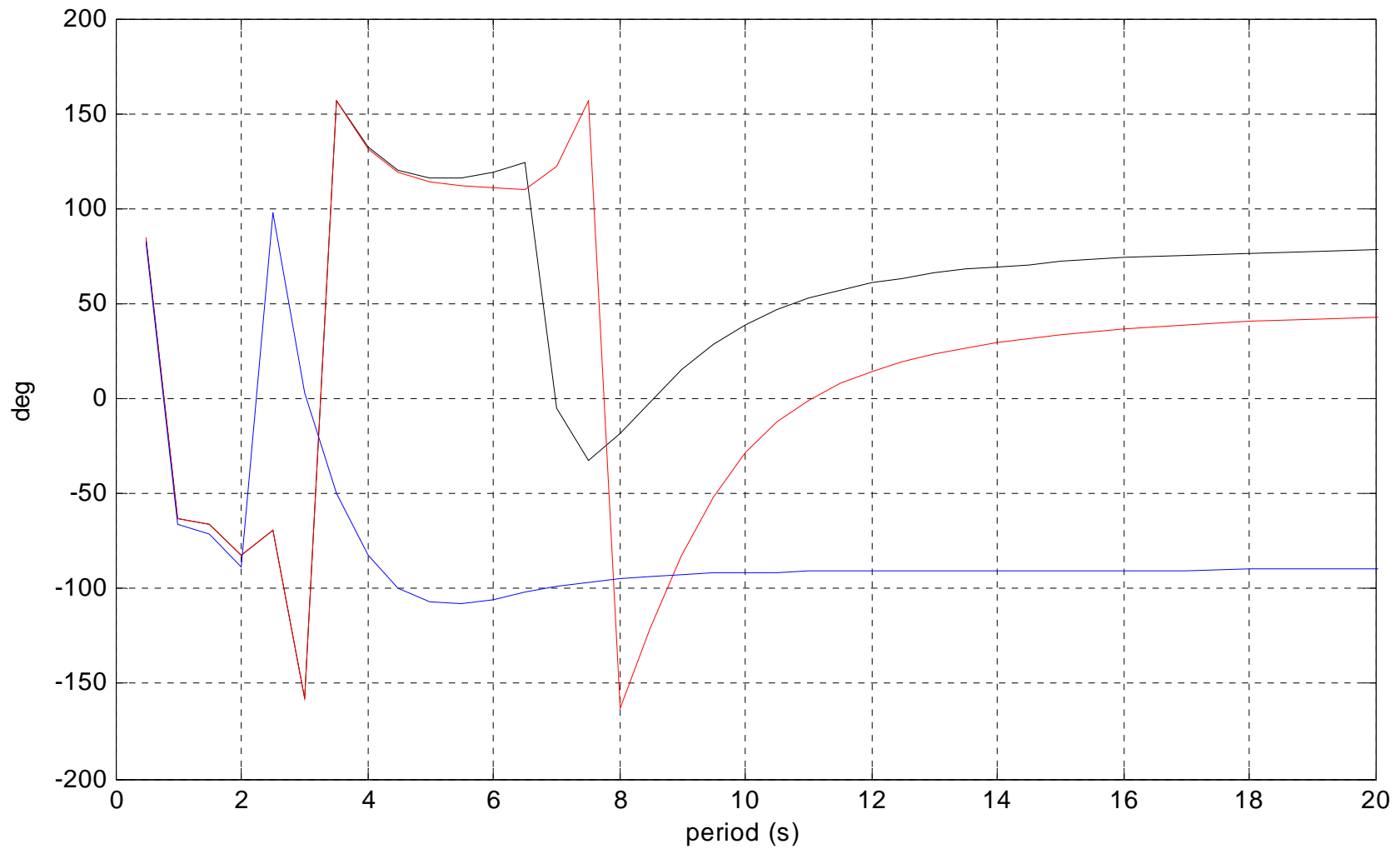
(Chakrabarti, 2002)

$$X(\omega) = \frac{F(\omega)}{-\omega^2 M - \frac{1}{2} r_w C_D A \sqrt{\frac{8}{p}} s_x \dot{\omega} + K}$$

Pitch Motion RAO Comparison



Phase Comparison



— OUTPUT PHASE: Linear Drag
— OUTPUT PHASE: STOCHASTIC LINEARIZATION
— INPUT PHASE: WAVES

Summary

- Linearization quadratic drag/damping is accomplished by quadratic, cubic and stochastic linearizations.
- Quadratic and cubic linearization shows the deep valley around 6 to 8 seconds & good agreement for long periods.
- Stochastic linearization show a good agreement.

SOFEC

SOFEC

SOFEC

Thank You

SOFEC

SOFEC

SOFEC

SOFEC